# White-nose Syndrome FY 2014 President's budget

#### U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

http://www.doi.gov/budget/appropriations/2014/highlights/upload/BH063.pdf

Resource Management account/Conservation, Enforcement and Science/Science Support/Service Science/White-nose Syndrome

## Science Support:

"The 2014 request includes a program increase of \$770,000 for cooperative recovery and a program increase of \$1.5 million to direct, focus, and accelerate the science efforts of partnering universities, cooperative wildlife units, and other institutions to answer some of the remaining questions about how to address and mitigate the threats posed by the white-nose syndrome on bat populations." (p.BH-65)

## (in thousands of dollars)

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Science Support – New Subactivity Structure		+33,276
Service Science		+18,077
V	Vhite-nose Syndrome	+1,500
(p.BH-71)		

#### **U.S. Geological Survey**

http://www.doi.gov/budget/appropriations/2014/highlights/upload/BH053.pdf

Ecosystems activity/Wildlife Program/White-nose Syndrome

#### Ecosystems:

"Additional program increases totaling \$4.6 million are provided to address brown tree snakes, the white-nose syndrome in bats, coral reef health, new and emerging invasive species of national concern, and ecosystem restoration in the Puget Sound, Columbia River, and Chesapeake Bay." (p.BH-54)

### (in thousands of dollars)

	+22,504
Wildlife Program+3,807	+3,807
White-nose Syndrome+1,505	+1,505
(p.BH-59)	

#### **National Park Service**

http://www.doi.gov/budget/appropriations/2014/highlights/upload/BH075.pdf

## America's Great Outdoors/Park Operations from America's Great Outdoors funds

"The 2014 budget proposal provides several key programmatic increases, including \$3.0 million to address white-nose syndrome in bats at national park units. This disease was first detected in New York State in 2006 and since then has killed millions of cave-dwelling bats and threatens bat populations in the national parks." (p.BH-75)

(In reference to same funds: "Additional resource management programmatic increases include \$5.2 million to control exotic and invasive species such as zebra and quagga mussels; \$5.0 million to competitively fund the highest priority, non-recurring natural resource project needs at park units; and \$3.0 million as noted earlier to combat white-nose syndrome in bats and help preserve important cave habitats and bat populations." (p.BH-76)

Operation of the National Park System	
Park Management+45,917	
Resource Stewardship+29,00	
Control and Management of White-nose Syndrome in Bats+3,00	
(p.BH-80)	